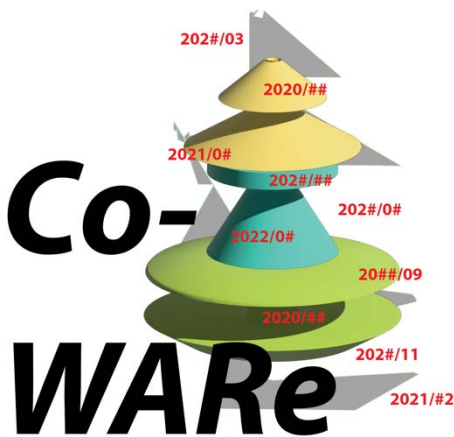


(Co - WARE)

Artworks for GA2022

Chin-En Keith Soo
New Zealand, University of Waikato, Department of Design
<https://www.waikato.ac.nz/staff-profiles/people/ceks>
e-mail: ceks@waikato.ac.nz



Abstract

Throughout history, humans have been creating receptacles in their daily activities to hold, keep, and preserve the rewards and objects they treasure. Applying the same notion, Co-WARE makes unique receptacles from covid data to express the information in an artistic form.

Co-WARE is an objectified presentation of all COVID-19 cases, deaths, geographically located data in each country, and the time of the data was generated. These data series project the

different changes brought to each country since the beginning of COVID-19. It also provides more intuitive insight into the epidemic in all countries worldwide.

Statement of Work

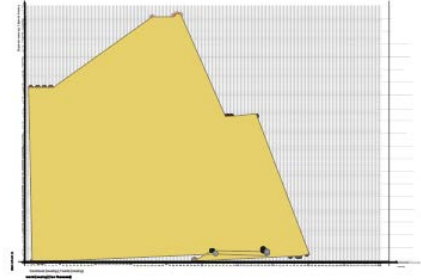
Co-WARE refers to the process of converting data into a visualisation. The combination of dots, lines, planes and colour collocation form an interesting visual effect that drives and stimulates the public's personal experience of COVID-19. The addition of colour saturation also makes the overall impact more three-dimensional. Furthermore, it distinguishes the similar colours generated by similar data in different countries, making the Co-WARE more tangible and structural in subsequent production.

Chart Method

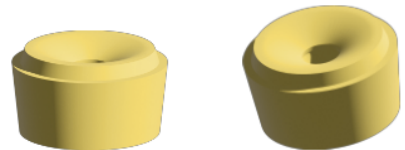
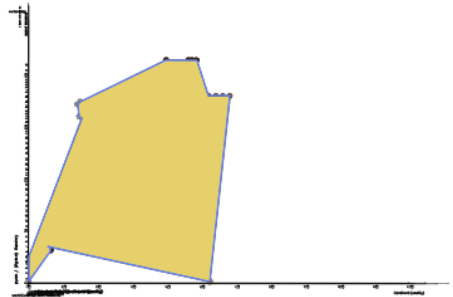
The Covid data were obtained from the WHO website (World Health Organisation). All data is charted on the graph to form a shape to warp into a 3D form. Nine data points were obtained from confirmed cases and deaths, respectively. The nine coloured points were connected to form a shape on the graph. The points were acquired from the formula charted (X Axis / Y Axis) on the graph.

- 1: World case (weekly) / Country case (weekly),
- 2: (Country case (Weekly) / World case (Total)) / (Country case (Weekly) / World case (Weekly)),
- 3: (Country case (Weekly) / Continent case (Total)) / (Country case (Weekly) / Continent case (Weekly))
4. (Continent case (Weekly) / World case (Weekly)) / (Country case (Weekly)/Continent case (Weekly))
5. Continent case (weekly) / Country case (Weekly)
6. (Country case (Weekly) / Country case (Total)) / (Country case (Total) / Continent case (Total))
7. (Continent case (Total) / World case (Total)) / Year (Weekly)
8. Continent case (Weekly) / World case (Weekly)
9. (Continent case (Total) / World case (Total)) / (Continent case (Weekly) / World case (Weekly))










Example: Confirmed Case Data



Example: Death Case Data



CONFIRMED CASE AND DEATH DATA CHARTING LOGIC

	X Axis	Y Axis
	World (weekly) [Ten Thousand]	Country (weekly)
	Country (weekly)/world(Total)	Country (weekly)/word (weekly)
	Country (weekly)/Continent(Total)	Country (weekly) / Continent (weekly)
	Continent (weekly) / world (weekly)	country(weekly)/continent(weekly)
	Continent (weekly)	Country (weekly)
	Country (weekly) / Country(Total)	Country(Total)/ Continent (Total)
	Continent (Total) / world (Total)	2020 (weekly)
	Continent (weekly)	World (weekly)
	Continent(Total) / world(Total)	Continent (weekly) / world (weekly)

Example:

Colour Allocation

The colour is generated by combining the **CMYK** value (**C** represents Confirmed Case, **M** represents Geographical Location Coordinates (**MAP**), **Y** represents Time (Day, Month or **Year**), and **K** represents Number of Death(Black to represent death) to form a unique colour for each respective data set. Temperature data were introduced to add saturation to the colour.

Example :

Colour allocation for February 2020.

C – Confirmed Case

Data use from the highest case day in the month

Equation = Highest Case Number on the Country day /Global data of the same day

The highest case day in the month **February** is on the 31st

31/02/2020, USA, 31 /
31/02/ 2020 Global data, 8247.

$31/8247 \times 100 = 0.37.$

M – Percentage of Country land mass to the overall world land mass

Date gather from https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_countries_and_dependencies_by_area

USA land mass in percentage is **6.3%**

Y – Date of the Date

Formula:
 $100\%/12$ (12month) = 8.3
Month Order x 8.3

February is the 2nd month.
Therefore, $2 \times 8.3 = 16.6$

K - Death Case

Data use from the highest case day in the month

Equation = Highest Case Number on the Country day /Global data of the same day

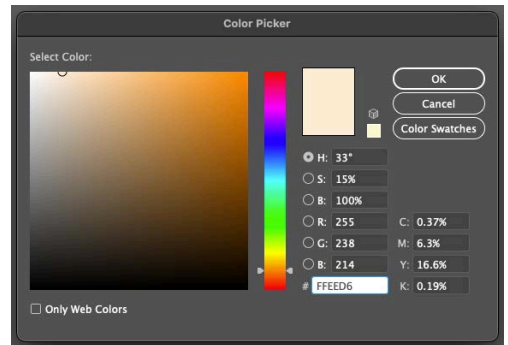
The highest case day in the month **February** is on the 31st

31/02/2020, USA, 1 /
31/02/ 2020 Global data, 520

$1/520 \times 100 = 0.19.$

C = 0.37, M = 6.3, Y = 16.6, K = 0.19

The generated colour :



Generated Colour :



C = 0.37, M = 6.3, Y = 16.6, K = 0.19

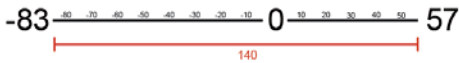
To add more depth to the colour, an value was added to the saturation of the generated colour base of the temperature. (Highest temperature of the day for the month.

The global minimum temperature is -83 degrees Celsius, and the global maximum temperature is 57 degrees Celsius.

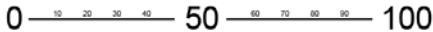
<https://weatherspark.com/>

To acquire the saturation value, An equation is used to convert the temperature value to the saturation value. used on the generated colour.

Temperature Range Lowest and Highest in record on earth.



Color Gamut (%):



Equation:

$$\frac{140}{100} = \frac{x+83 \text{ (temperature)}}{y \text{ (saturation value)}}$$

Example: 10°C -

$$\frac{140}{100} = \frac{x+83 \text{ (temperture)}}{y \text{ (saturation value)}}$$

$$\frac{140}{100} = \frac{10+83}{y}$$

$$\frac{140}{100} = \frac{93}{y}$$

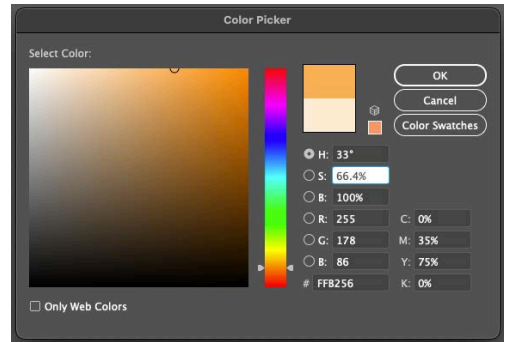
$$93 \times 100 = 140 \times Y$$

$$9300 = 140 \times Y$$

$$9300/140 = Y$$

$$66.4 = Y$$

Saturation Colour (66.4% Saturation):



Colour with saturation : 



CMYK.
without Saturation



CMYK
With Saturation

Examples:

USA - Confirmed Case - 06/2021, 01/2022 & 06/2022



USA Jun:2021:

USA Jan:2022:

USA Jun:2022:



USA - Death - 06/2021, 01/2022 & 06/2022



USA Jun:2021:

USA Jan:2022:

USA Jun:2022:

